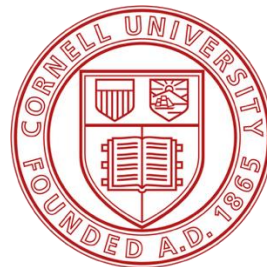
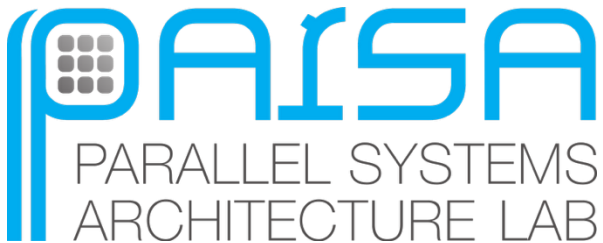


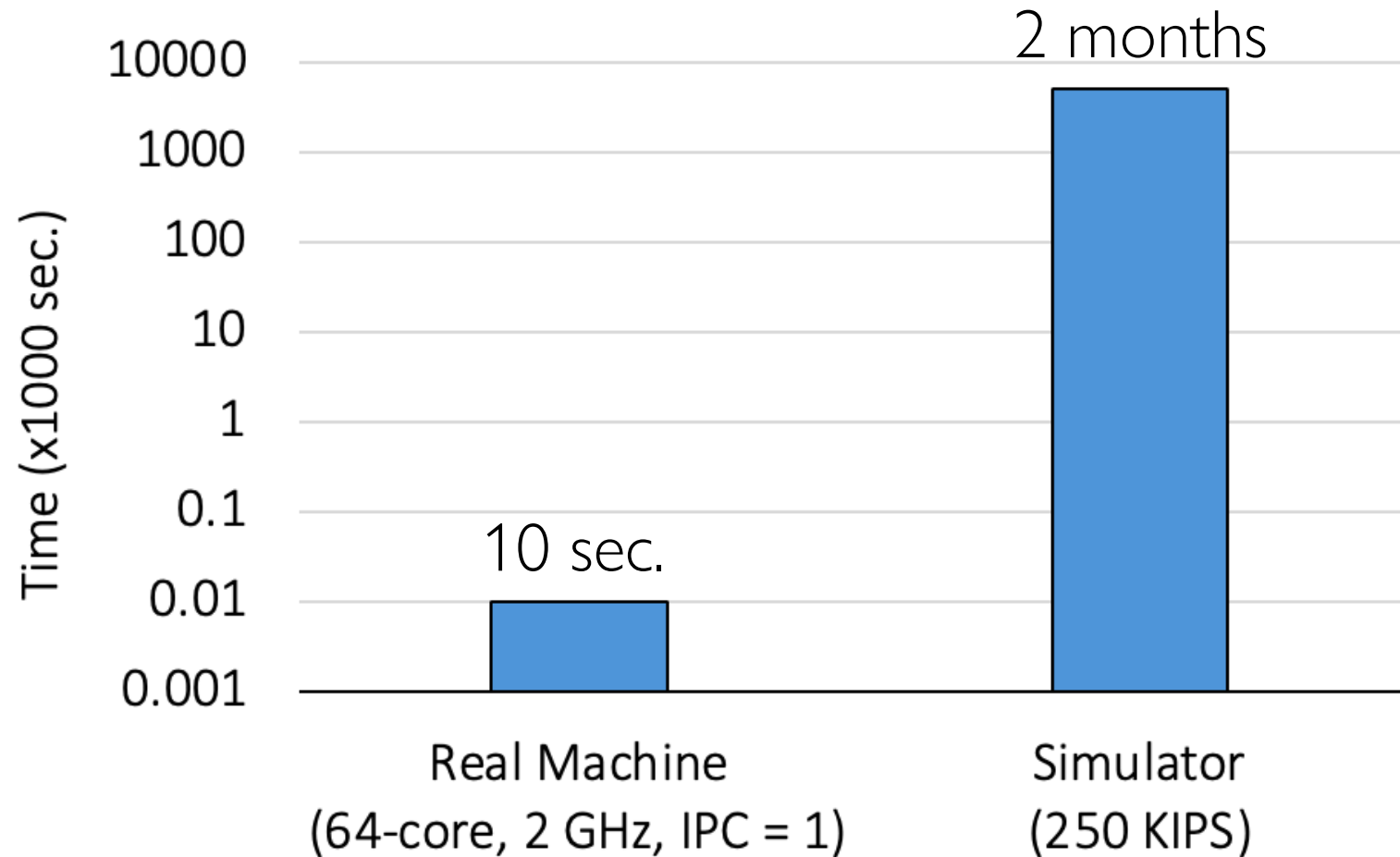
QFlex 3.0: Fast and Accurate ARM Server Simulation

Shanqing Lin, [Ali Ansari](#), Ayan Chakraborty, Bugra Eryilmaz, Yuanlong Li
Mohammad Alian, Babak Falsafi

ARM General-Purpose Computing Workshop, ISCA'25

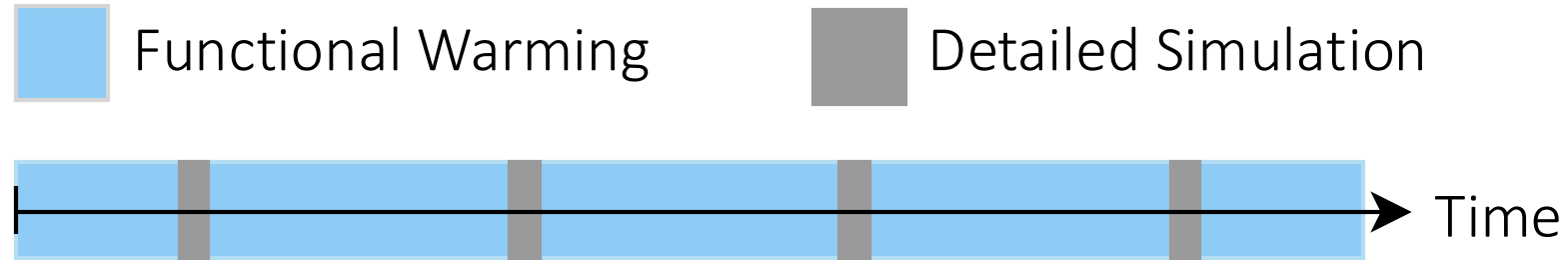


The Simulation Wall



Simulating only a few seconds takes several months

Our Contribution



QFlex 3.0: a full-system cycle-accurate ARM server simulator

- Reduces timing requirements by $\sim 500\times$
- Bounds error with statistical guarantees
- Runs at ~ 10 MIPS
- 10 s takes roughly 10 hours



QFlex 3.0 provides a fast and accurate server simulator

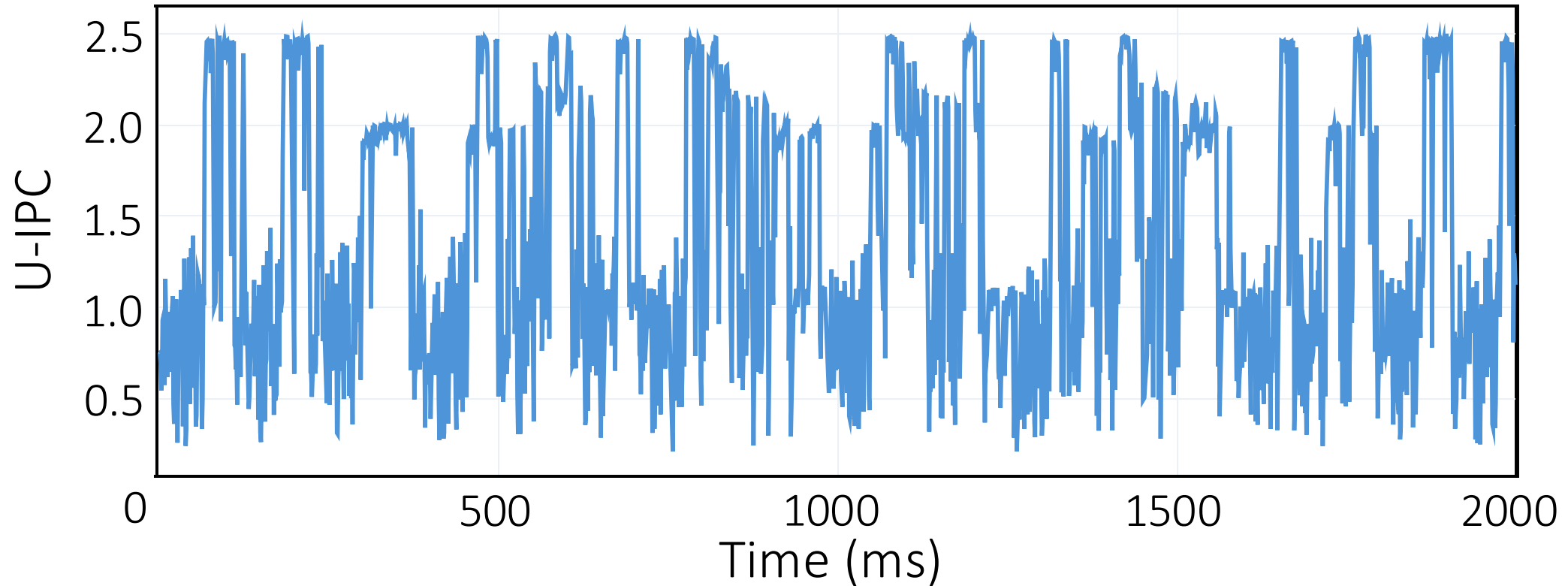
Outline

■ ~~Overview~~

- Server simulation requirements
- QFlex 3.0
- Evaluation
- Future directions
- Conclusions

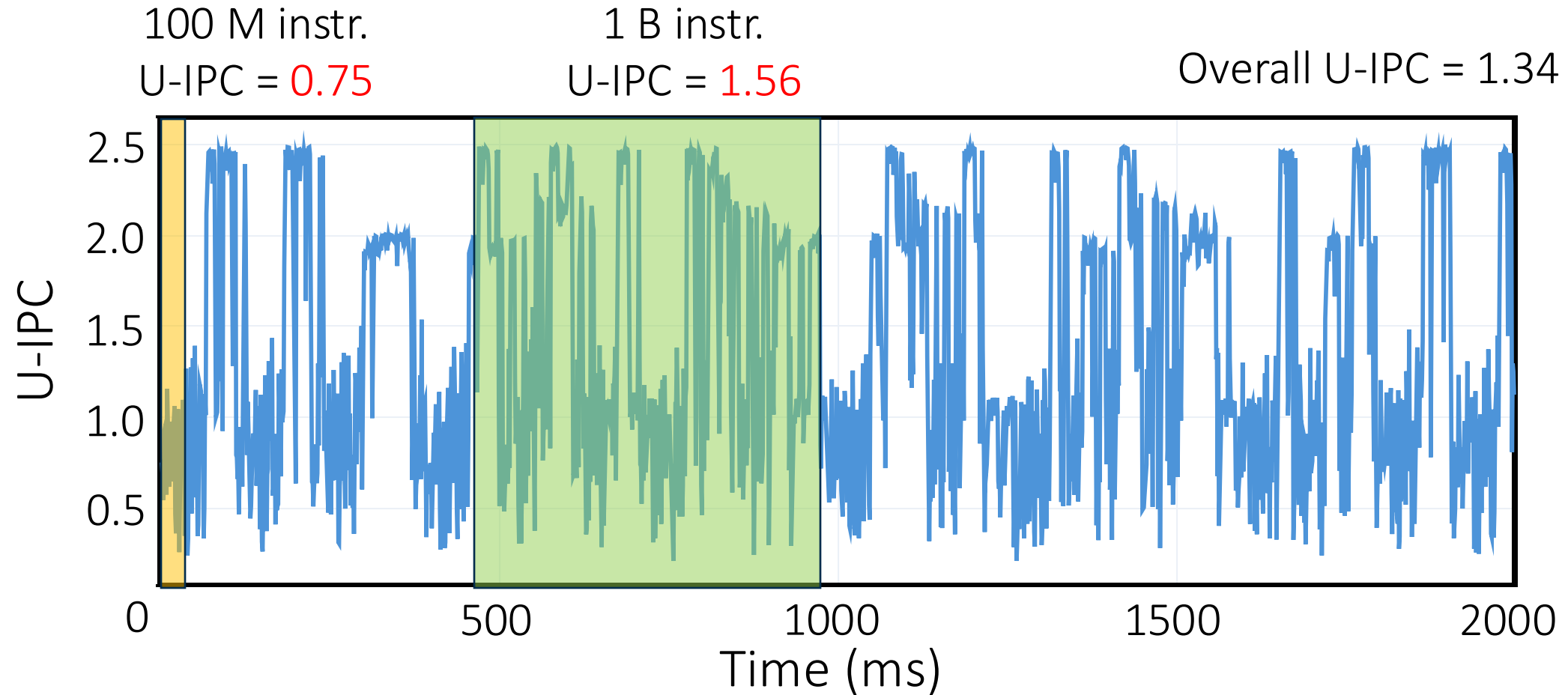
Variable Performance in Server Workloads

Web Serving from CloudSuite 4.0, running on Neoverse N1 @ 3 GHz



Workload characteristics change within a few milliseconds

Problem with Abbreviated Measurement

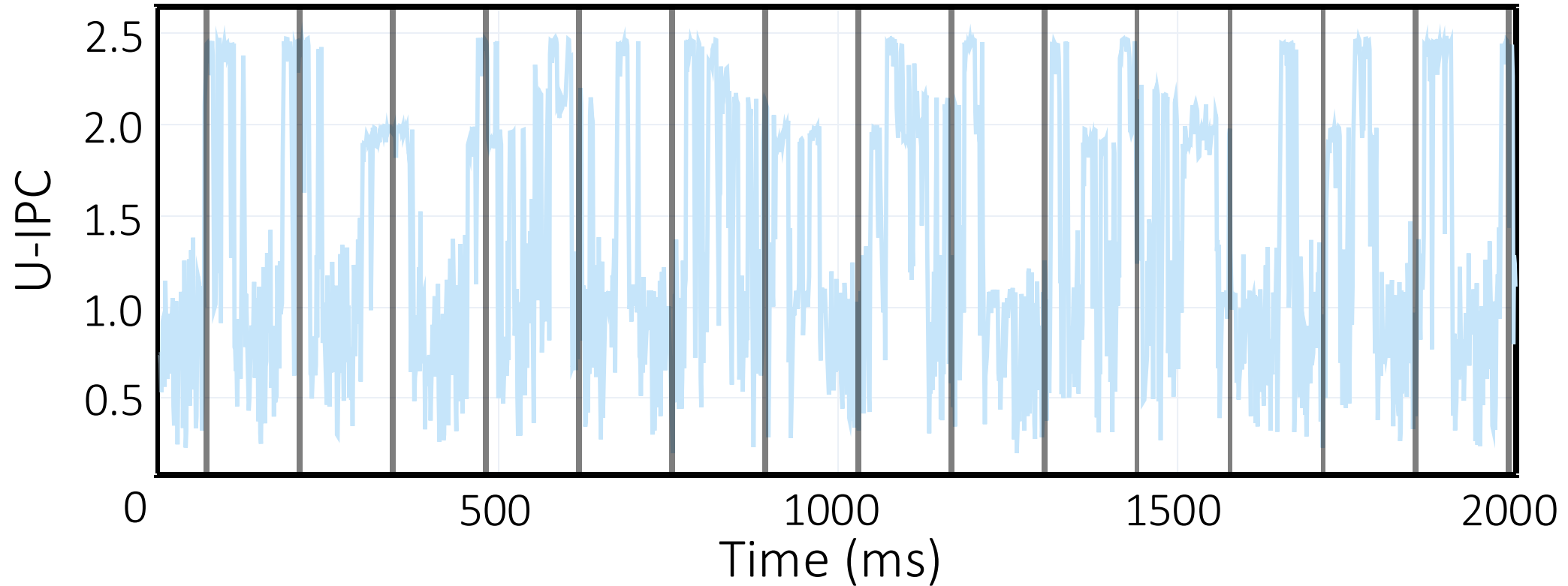


Results of current practices are not representative

Statistical Sampling

Report average of U-IPCs across uniformly distributed sampling units [ISCA'03]

Average U-IPC of sampling units = 1.37, workload's U-IPC = 1.34



Statistical sampling provides accurate result

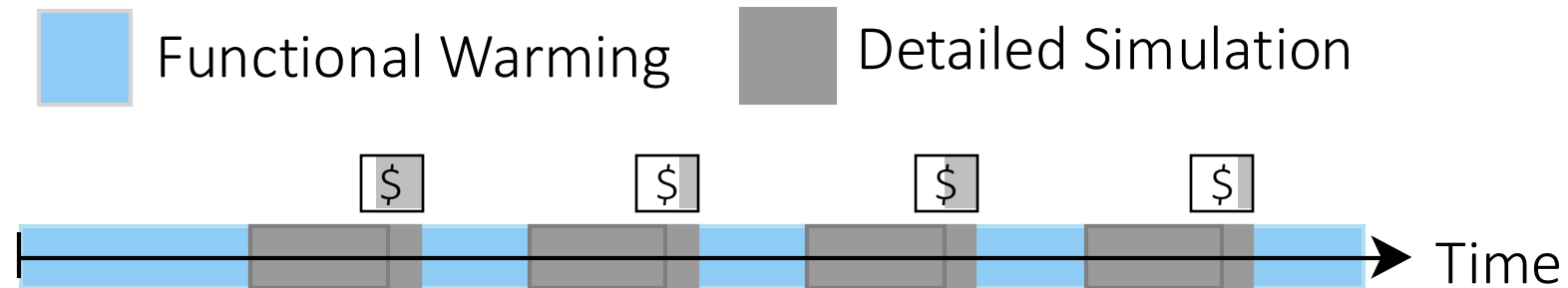
Initial State of Sampling Units

■ Taxonomy

- Architectural state (registers, memory, devices) created by ISA emulation
- Short-term μ Arch state (queues, buffers): warmed by detailed simulation
- Long-term μ Arch state (caches, TLBs, branch predictors)

■ Problem: how to warm up long-term μ Arch state?

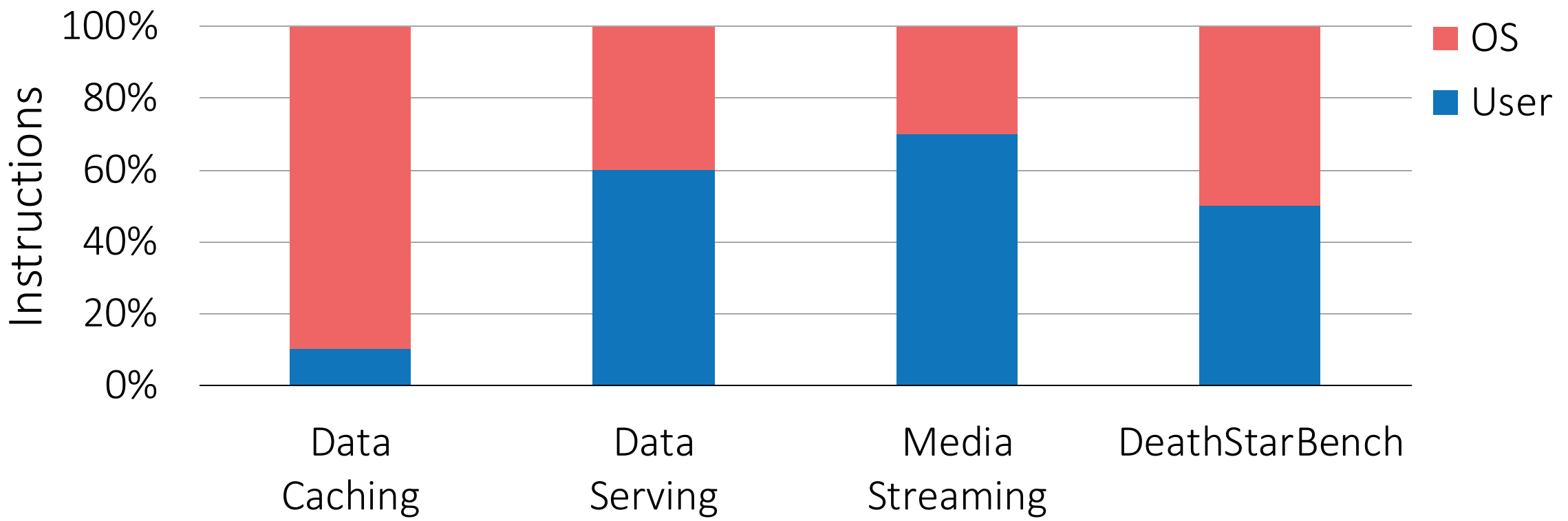
- Community: by longer detailed simulation → no guarantee for completeness
- Our solution [ISCA'03]: by continuous functional warming



Continuous functional warming guarantees complete warmup

Full-System Simulation

Server workloads require OS support for devices and multitasking



Full-system simulation is necessary for server simulation

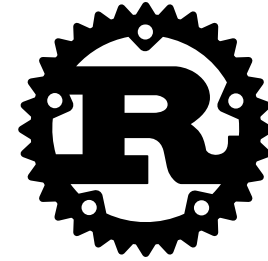
Existing Tools: Either Fast or Full-System

Simulators	Single-core Speed	Full-system	ARM Support
Sniper	F: 10s MIPS D: 1 MIPS	No	Yes
gem5	0.1s MIPS	Yes	Yes
ZSim	10s MIPS	No	No
Goal	10s MIPS	Yes	Yes

No practical simulator to design ARM servers

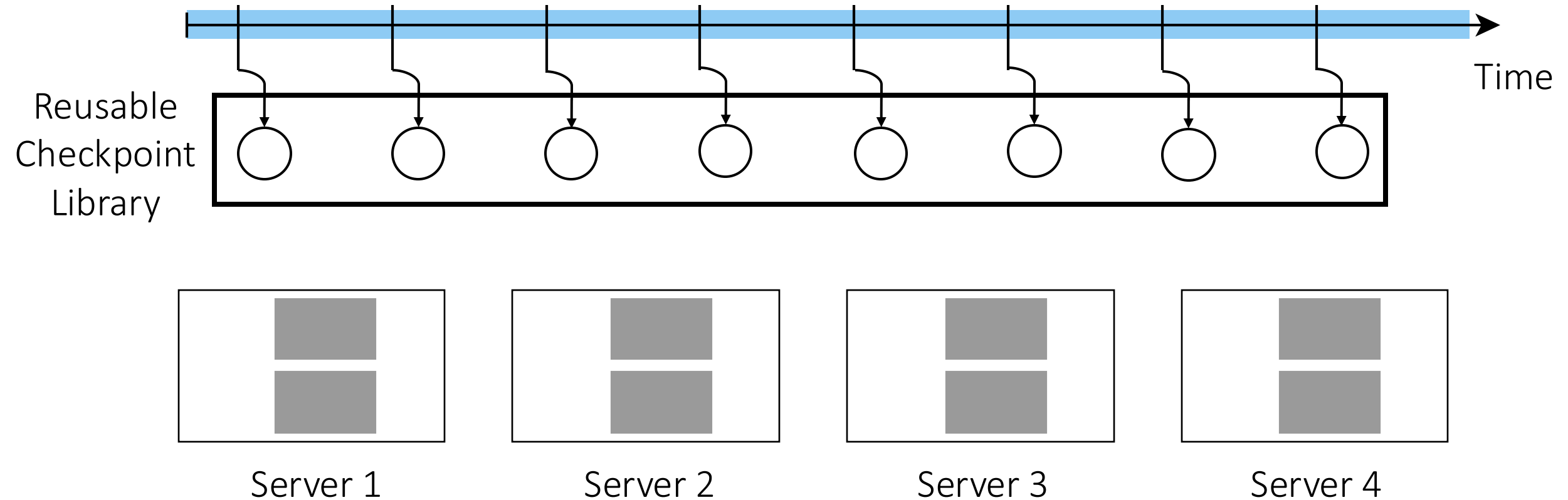
QFlex 3.0

- Added statistical sampling support to QFlex 2.0
- Rewritten functional simulator in Rust
 - Enhanced simulation speed and simplicity
- Expanded ARMv8 support
- Updated μ Arch components (prefetching, branch predictors, etc.)
- Pre-built CloudSuite 4.0 & DeathStarBench images



Statistical Sampling Support

■ Functional Warming ■ Detailed Simulation



Detailed simulation is embarrassingly parallel

Methodology

Workloads:

- CloudSuite 4.0
- DeathStarBench (not in this talk)

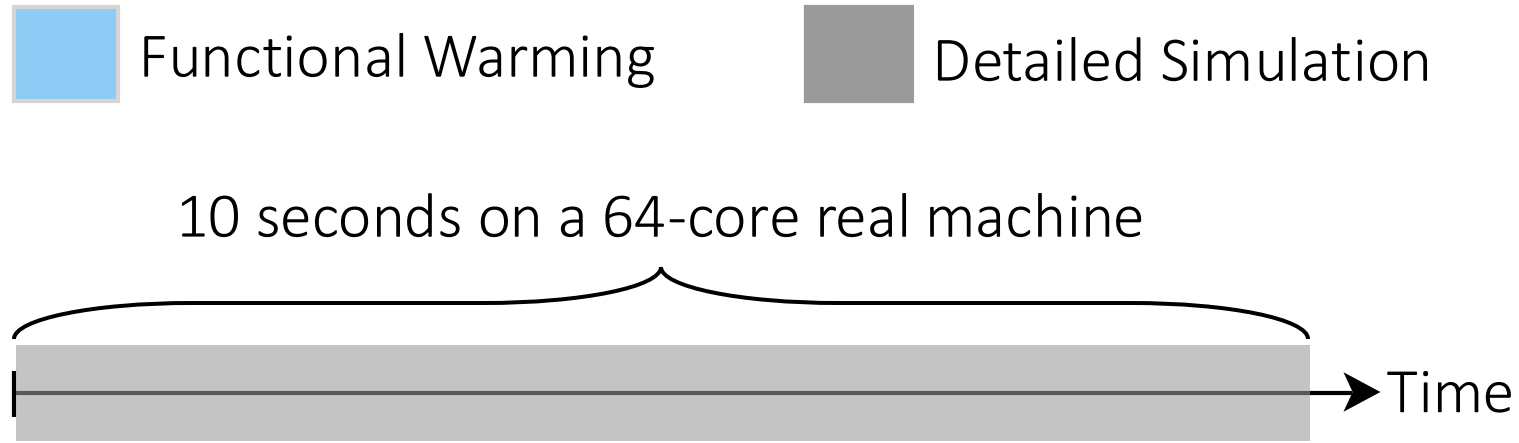
Host:

- Dual-socket Xeon Gold 5520+ (56 cores in total) with 2 TB of memory

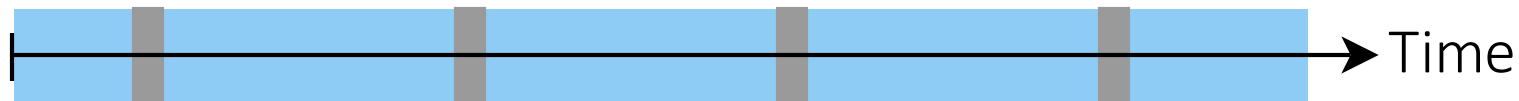
Target machine:

- 4-wide OoO cores
- TAGE and ITTAGE branch predictors
- 64 KB 4-way L1-I and L1-D
- 2 MB/tile LLC
- MESI directory, 4x overprovisioned

Result: Speed



Runs at 250 KIPS
Requires 30 to 68 days



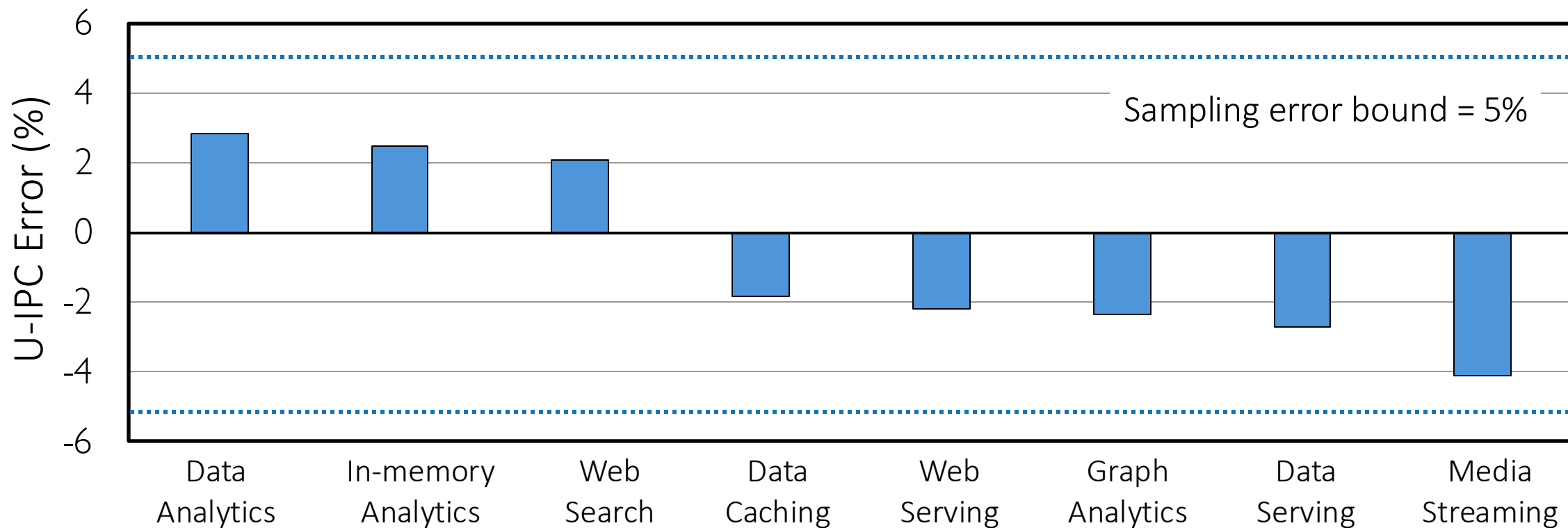
Runs at 10 MIPS
Requires 5 to 34 hours

0.15% to 0.4% cycles simulated in detail and in parallel

QFlex 3.0 runs at 10 MIPS and requires 100x less time

Results: Accuracy

Single target core

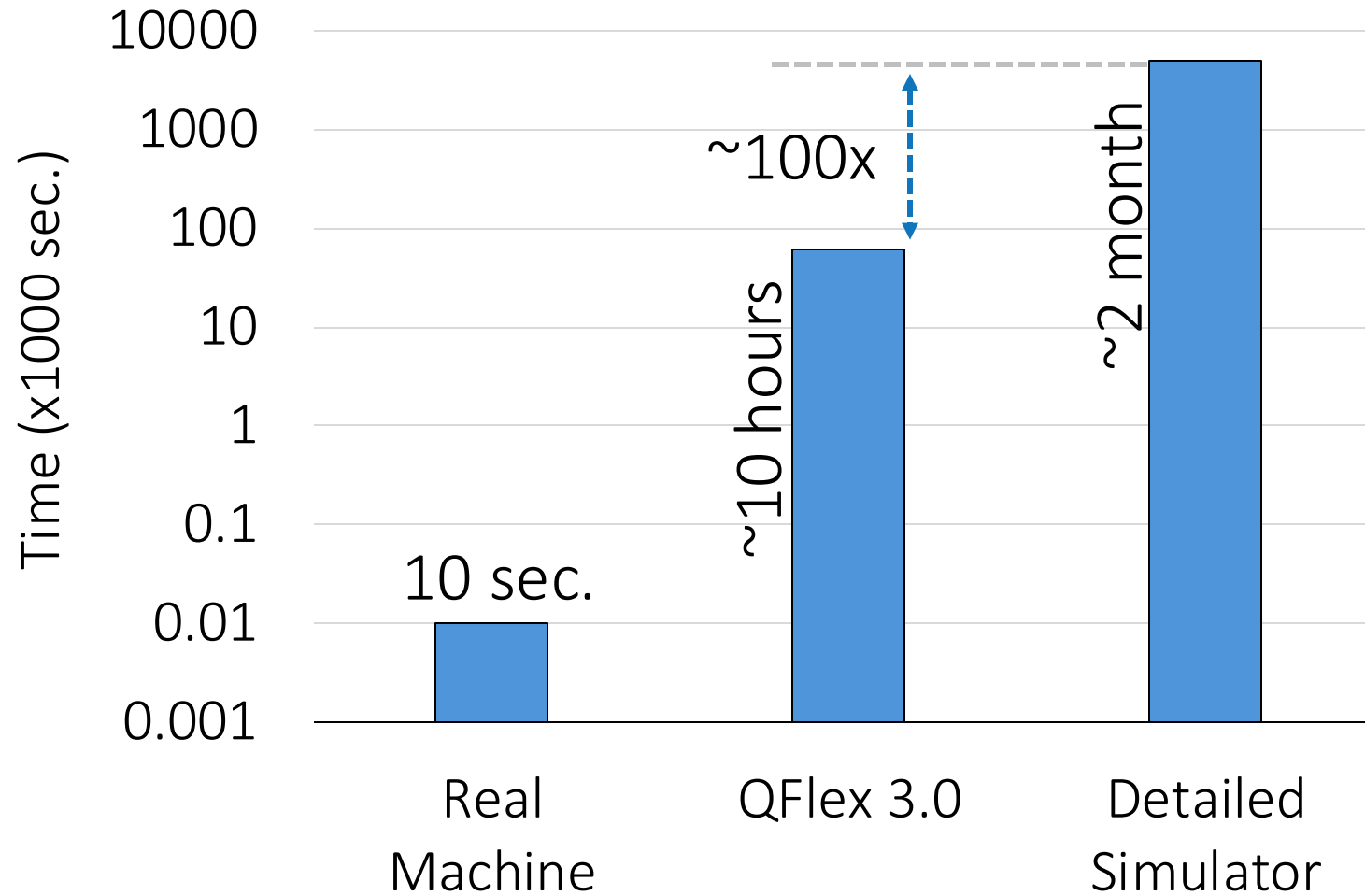


Simulation sampling's results are within 5% of detailed simulation results

Future Directions

- Parallel functional warming
 - 50x higher simulation speed for a 64-core host simulating a 64-core target
 - Reaching sub-GIPS simulation speed
- Universal checkpoint format
 - Making checkpoints reusable with other simulators (e.g., gem5)
- Multi-node simulation
 - Simulating several standalone servers communicating over network
 - Rack-scale simulation

Conclusions



QFlex 3.0: Hour-long simulations, ~100× faster than full detailed simulation

Thank You!

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